

Underwater Sound Solutions

benthowave.com

Revised on 2025/01/27

















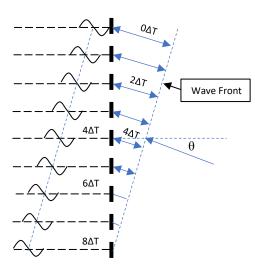


BII7070 Series Directional Hydrophone (Acoustic Sensor) and Planar Array Element

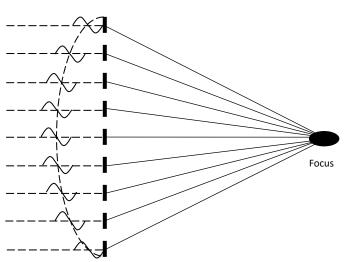
BII's directional hydrophones have conical beams and low Qm for uses in detection of weak signals, broadband signals, pipeline leaks, and tracking of sound sources underwater. Hydrophones with low noise below sea-state zero are available for directional sound measurements such as Dolphins' whistles and clicks (about 0.2 to 150 kHz, 50 to 128 µS.) in a long distance. These acoustic sensors are also designed for applications in air to detect acoustic emission and stress waves. The couplant such as water or gel is necessary material to provide efficient acoustic coupling between the hydrophone face and the piece under test in air applications.

Below the critical frequency fc, the hydrophones are of single beam without side lobes. This feature makes hydrophones be ideal candidates for target angle estimation systems or sound source tracking systems. The hydrophones have higher sensitivity and can transmit signal over long cable with built-in preamplifiers.

Linear (Rectangular) Array Beam Steering



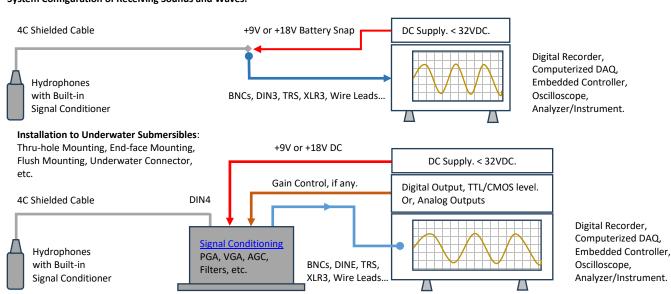
Linear, Annular, and Planar Array Beam Focusing



Typical Applications

Direction-finding Sonar, Tracking of Acoustic Tags. LBL/SBL/USBL Positioning System. Locating Marker/Pinger/Beacon/Transponder Acoustic Pipeline Leak Detection. Array Elements for Array Focusing and Beam Steering.
Noise Measurement, Bioacoustic Research of Marine Animals.
Structural Health Monitoring, Acoustic Emission Detection/AE Sensor.
Monitoring Aquarium/Pool Safety/Alarm System.

System Configuration of Receiving Sounds and Waves.





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Specification

The hydrophone is tested in water unless stated otherwise.									
FG: Fixed Gain; PG: Programmable Gain; DF: Differential Output; SE: Single Ended Output; BPF: Band Pass Filter; HPF: High Pass Filter; LPF: Low Pass Filter.									
	BII7071FGDF	BII7072FGDF BII7073FGDF		BII7074FGDF	BII7074FGDFLN				
BV/μPa:	-190.0 + Preamp Gain		-188.0 + Preamp Gain	-184 + Preamp Gain					
	-160.0 dB		-160.0 dB	-160.0 dB					
	Refer to Graph of FFVS vs. Frequency. Free-field Voltage Sensitivity.								
ty:	Refer to Graph of Pressure Noise Density, Referred to Input (RTI), in μPa/VHz.								
	1. Default: 2 nd order HPF, 1 st order LPF. 2. Bespoke HPF, or BPF.								
Minimum High Pass Filter:		5 Hz	3 Hz	2 Hz	5 Hz				
in Water:	20 Hz to 300 kHz	5 Hz to 300 kHz	3 Hz to 300 kHz	2 Hz to 300 kHz	5 Hz to 300 kHz				
in Air:	20 Hz ~ 16 kHz	5 Hz ~ 8 kHz	3 Hz ~ 6 kHz	2 Hz ~ 3 kHz	5 Hz ~ 3 kHz				
	rogrammab BV/μPa: ty: -ilter: in Water:	rogrammable Gain; DF : Differential C BIJ7071FGDF BV/μPa: -190.0 + Preamp Gain -160.0 dB Refer to Graph of FFVS ty: Refer to Graph of Press 1. Default: 2 nd order HP 2. Bespoke HPF, or BPF Filter: 20 Hz in Water: 20 Hz to 300 kHz	rogrammable Gain; DF: Differential Output; SE: Single Ended BII7071FGDF BV/µPa: -190.0 + Preamp Gain -160.0 dB Refer to Graph of FFVS vs. Frequency. Free-field ty: Refer to Graph of Pressure Noise Density, Refer 1. Default: 2nd order HPF, 1st order LPF. 2. Bespoke HPF, or BPF. Filter: 20 Hz 5 Hz in Water: 20 Hz to 300 kHz 5 Hz to 300 kHz	rogrammable Gain; DF : Differential Output; SE : Single Ended Output; BPF : Band Pass Fi BII7071FGDF	rogrammable Gain; DF : Differential Output; SE : Single Ended Output; BPF : Band Pass Filter; HPF : High Pass Filter; LPf BII7071FGDF				

- 1. Reduce Noise. Both ocean ambient noises and the self-noises of electronic devices decrease when frequency increases. It is recommended to choose a built-in high pass filter to reject noises in low frequency range. For example, if you are interested in the signals greater than 1 kHz, you may specify a high pass filter with -3dB cut-off frequency at 100 Hz to improve signal to noise ratio of the signals of the interest.

 2. Avoid Saturation. When there are strong low frequency noises, disturbances, and/or vibrations, resulting from rough surface waves and/or mechanical

2. Avoid Saturation. When the movements of the platform, it is										
	Fixed Gain Preamp.	U. passe. to a old li	7	The state of the s						
Preamp Gain (dB):	Default: 30 dB.		Default: 28 dB.	Default: 24 dB.						
	Bespoke Gains: 10, 20, 3	30. 40. or 50 dB. etc.			30.00.0.2100.					
			re data acquisition, please	refer to signal condition	ng and order senarately					
		mplifier PGA, 0/20/40/60		refer to <u>signal condition</u>	, and order separately.					
			·							
Signal Conditioning:	<u>Variable Gain Amplifier</u> (VGA): 60 to 70 dB Range. <u>Automatic Gain Control</u> (AGC) Amplifier: 100 dB Gain Dynamic Range.									
	4. Amplifiers with Built-in, High-pass, Low-pass, and Band-pass Filters.									
	Packages: Standalone Devices for portable uses, and Coated PCB with Wire Bundles for underwater submersibles.									
Receiving Face:	Circular Planar Face	•								
Directivity Pattern:	Conical Beam, Refer to 0	Graph of <u>Directivity Respor</u>	nse Pattern.							
-3dB Beam Width:	9900°/f(kHz)	4650°/f(kHz)	3200°/f(kHz)	1700°/f(kHz)	1700°/f(kHz)					
Sub Beam Width.	74 kHz	41 kHz	32 kHz	15 kHz	15 kHz					
Frequency f-3dBML:		L		13 KHZ	13 KHZ					
	•	-3dB at ±90° normal to acc	78 kHz	20 1411-	20 1411-					
Critical Frequency f _c :	180 kHz	100 kHz		36 kHz	36 kHz					
			ncy f > fc; The hydrophone							
±90° Sidelobe Frequency f _n :	240 kHz	133 kHz	104 kHz	49 kHz	49 kHz					
			axis in the case of operati	ng frequency f = fn.						
Sidelobe Level:		nen f > fc; No side lobe who								
		·			out 1.1 to 1.28 times wider.					
Signal Output Type:	Differential. Differential	signal has better capability	y to reduce and reject EMI	noise, especially over lo	ng cable.					
Maximum Output V _{omax} :	Supply Voltage V _s - 4, in	Vpp.								
Overload Pressure Level:	190 or (20*log(V _{omax} /2.8	28) – Sensitivity) whicheve	er is less. in dB μPa.							
	148.7 dB μPa/(m/s²) along acoustic axis. 146.7 dB μPa/(m/s²) 142.8 dB μPa/(m/s²)									
	Other direction: 141.0 d	B μPa/(m/s²).		137.0 dB μPa/(m/s²).	135.0 dB μPa/(m/s²).					
	Bespoke Vibration Compensation, available upon request: When suspended from a ship or boat, buoy, or used in towed array,									
Acceleration Sensitivity:	the hydrophone experie	nces a large movement and	d induced vibration resultir	ng from surface waves, cu	rrents, hydrodynamic flow					
Acceleration Sensitivity.	turbulence, cable move	ment, etc The translation	onal acceleration in axial o	direction can be cancelle	ed with special design and					
	construction, and accel	eration sensitivity in othe	r directions are also lowe	er (partially cancelled). S	purious signals caused by					
	induced vibration can be reduced. Acceleration Sensitivity with Compensation:									
	1. ≤ 80 to 100 dB in axia	l direction of the hydropho	one. 2. ≤ 90 to 110 dB in ot	her directions of the hyd	rophone.					
Operating Depth:			the cable length if the cal	ole has wire leads or a no	n-waterproof connector.					
	1. Default: Free Hanging									
	2. Thru-hole Mounting with Single O-ring (THM-7/16", or THM-5/8".)									
	3. Thru-hole Mounting with Double O-ring (THDO-7/16".)									
	4. Bolt Fastening Mounting (Stainless Steel) (BFM-7/16", or BFM-5/8".)									
Mounting Options:	5. Bolt Fastening Mounting (Plastics) (BFMP-NPT3/8".)									
.	6. Bolt-Fastening Mounting with Free Hanging (BFM-FH-M6, BFM-FH-M8, BFM-FH-M10.) 7. Free-hanging with Male Underwater Connector (FHUWC-4P)									
			(FHUVVC-4P)							
	8. End-face Mounting (EFMS)									
	9. Flange Mounting (FGM-Ф110) Please refer to online document AcousticSystem.pdf for a complete list of Mounting Options and more details.									
Cable Ontions			idi a complete list of wi	ounting Options and mo	e details.					
Cable Options:	Four Conductor Shielded Cable (SC)									
<u> </u>		r to and face of budget -	1. Default: Perpendicular to end face of hydrophone. 2. Customization: Perpendicular to side wall of hydrophone (Generally, this is used to reduce the overall length of hydrophone),							
·	1. Default: Perpendicula			s used to reduce the suc	rall longth of hydronhana					
Cable Orientation:	Default: Perpendicula Customization: Perpe	ndicular to side wall of hyd		s used to reduce the ove	rall length of hydrophone),					
·	Default: Perpendicula Customization: Perpe Appending SW to the parameters	ndicular to side wall of hyd art number.	drophone (Generally, this is		rall length of hydrophone),					
·	Default: Perpendicula Customization: Perpe Appending SW to the pa Default: 20m (65.6ft)	ndicular to side wall of hyd art number. for Non-Underwater Conn			rall length of hydrophone),					
Cable Orientation:	Default: Perpendicula Customization: Perpe Appending SW to the pa Default: 20m (65.6ft)	ndicular to side wall of hyd art number. for Non-Underwater Conn gth up to 200m or 305 m.	drophone (Generally, this is		rall length of hydrophone),					



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	3. DIN Receptacle with 3 Male Pins (DIN3), (Max. Diameter Φ17 mm).
	DIN Receptacle with 4 Male Pins (DIN4), (Max. Diameter Φ17 mm).
	4. 1/8" (3.5mm) TRS Plug (TRS) (Max. Diameter Φ10.5 mm).
	5. XLR Receptacle with 3 Male Pins (XLR3), (Max. Diameter Φ20.2 mm).
	XLR Receptacle with 4 Male Pins (XLR4), (Max. Diameter Φ20.2 mm).
	6. Underwater Mateable Connector (4 pins) (UMC4P) (Max. Diameter Φ21.5 to Φ35 mm).
	UMC is from global manufacturers of underwater connectors. Its part number is listed in quote in detail.
	7. +9VDC Battery Snap (BS), for +9VDC or +18VDC power supply.
	8. 4mm Banana Plug Pair (Red and Black Color) (BP), for DC power supply ONLY.
	Underwater Mateable Connectors are for underwater uses. Other connectors/wire leads are for dry uses and are not
	waterproofed.
1. BNC: "Bayonet Neill-Concelman	" is a miniature quick connect/disconnect radio/audio frequency connector used for coaxial cable. Fastening Type: Bayonet Lock.
2. 3.5mm TRS stand for Tip, Ring, a	and Sleeve, miniature, quick connect/disconnect, audio frequency connector used for shielded cable. Fastening Type: None.

- 3. DIN: Electrical cylindrical connectors, 3 to 14 contacts, Φ 20mm diameter, used for audio, RF, digital, and DC or AC power signals. Fastening Type: Threaded.
- 4. XLR: Employed for balanced audio and DC or AC power signal interconnections, 3 to 7 contacts. Fastening Type: Latch Lock.

Supply Voltage V _s :	+8.5 to +32 VDC.	+8.5 to +32 VDC.							
Suggested DC Supply:	DO NOT use variabl	+9VDC Battery, Marine Battery, Automobile Battery, Fixed DC Linear Power Supply, Not Included. DO NOT use variable power supply whose maximum supply voltage is higher than the rated voltage. DO NOT use switching mode DC power supply.							
Current (Quiescent):	4.8 to 9.8 mA	4.8 to 9.8 mA							
C'	Ф21x50 mm	Ф27x50 mm	Ф33х50 mm	Ф60x30 mm	Ф60х30 mm				
Size:	Other Mounting Ty	Other Mounting Types: actual length depends on Mounting Parts.							
Weight:	≥ 1.0 kg with 20m c	≥ 1.0 kg with 20m cable. Actual weight depends on Mounting Parts, Cable Types and Length.							
Operation Temperature:	-10 °C to +60 °C or 2	-10 °C to +60 °C or 14 °F to 140 °F.							
Storage Temperature:	-20 °C to +60 °C or -	-20 °C to +60 °C or -4 °F to 140 °F.							

AE (Acoustic Emission) Applications: These hydrophones are tested and calibrated in water. It is buyer's responsibility and liability to calibrate and maintain the AE sensors according to the acoustic emission national standards of buyer's country.

Sound Measurement in Air: The hydrophones can be used to detect sounds in air. The sensitivity in air is same to the one in water in low frequency range.

How to Order Standard Hydrophones. BII Keeps Standard Products in Stock.

FG: Fixed Gain; DF: Differential Output; BPF: Band Pass Filter; HPF: High Pass Filter; LOW Pass Filter.									
Part Number	-Gain and Filter	-Mounting	-Cable Length	-Connectors for Signal	/DC Supply				
BII7071FGDF, BII7072FGDF, BII7073FGDF, BII7074FGDF, BII7074FGDFLN.	Default.	Free Hanging.	20 m (65.6 ft)	WL, BNC, TRS, or XLR3, >	KLR4, BS.				
Example of Part Number:	xample of Part Number: Description								
BII7074FGDF-FH-20m-WL	BII7074FGDF Hydropho	BII7074FGDF Hydrophone, Free Hanging, 20m Shielded Cable, Connector: None, Wire leads.							
BII7074FGDF-FH-20m-BNC/BS	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	BII7074FGDF Hydrophone, Free Hanging, 20m Shielded Cable, Connector: Two BNC Male for Output+ and Output- Signals, 9V Battery Snaps for DC Supply.							
BII7074FGDF-FH-20m-TRS/BS	BII7074FGDF Hydropho	BII7074FGDF Hydrophone, Free Hanging, 20m Shielded Cable, Connector: TRS for Signal, 9V Battery Snaps for DC Supply.							
BII7074FGDF-FH-20m-DIN3/BS	BII7074FGDF Hydrophone, Free Hanging, 20m Shielded Cable, Connector: DIN3 for Signal, 9V Battery Snaps for DC Supply.								
BII7074FGDF-FH-20m-XLR3/BS	BII7074FGDF Hydropho	BII7074FGDF Hydrophone, Free Hanging, 20m Shielded Cable, Connector: XLR3 for Signal, 9V Battery Snaps for DC Supply.							
BII7074FGDF-FH-20m-DIN4	BII7074FGDF Hydropho	BII7074FGDF Hydrophone, Free Hanging, 20m Shielded Cable, Connector: DIN4 for Signals and DC Power Supply.							
BII7074FGDF-FH-20m-XLR4	BII7074FGDF Hydropho	BII7074FGDF Hydrophone, Free Hanging, 20m Shielded Cable, Connector: XLR4 for Signals and DC Power Supply.							

How to Order Bespoke Hydrophones. Non-stock.

FC: Fixed Caire Desp			Hial Outrout CF: Cir.	ala Fardad O. 4a	t. DDF. David Dava Filton, UDF. High	Dans Filter IDF: Law Dans	T: L		
	1			ĭ .	ut; BPF: Band Pass Filter; HPF: High				
Part Number	-Preamp Gain	-HPF or HPF/LP	<u>F</u>	-Mounting	-Shielded Cable Length	-Connectors for Signal	/DC Supply		
BII7071FGDF, BII7072FGDF, BII7073FGDF, BII7074FGDF, BII7074FGDFLN.	Fixed, in dB.	-3dB High Pass frequencies, in	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		in meter. Up to 200m (656 ft) or 305m (1000 ft).	Connector Options for Signals, and DC Supply.			
Example of Part N	Number:		Description						
BII7074FGDF-40d	BII7074FGDF-40dB-10Hz/30kHz-FH-30m-WL			BII7074FGDF Hydrophone, Gain: 40dB, Band Pass Filter: 10Hz to 30kHz, Free Hanging, 30m Shielded Cable, Connector: none, Wire leads.					
BII7074FGDF-40d	BII7074FGDF-40dB-10Hz/30kHz-FH-30m-BNC/BS			BII7074FGDF Hydrophone, Gain: 40dB, Band Pass Filter: 10Hz to 30kHz, Free Hanging, 30m Shielded Cable, Connector: Two BNC Male for Output+ and Output- Signals, 9V Battery Snaps for DC Supply.					
BII7074FGDF-26d	B-10Hz-BFM-5/8"	-100m-DIN3/BS	BII7074FGDF Hydrophone, Gain: 26dB, High Pass Filter: 10Hz, Bolt Fastening Mounting BFM-5/8", 100m Shielded Cable, Connector: 3-pin DIN for Signals and Battery Snap for +9VDC Batteries.						
BII7074FGDF-26dB-10Hz-BEM-578"-100m-XLR37BS				BII7074FGDF Hydrophone, Gain: 26dB, High Pass Filter: 10Hz, Bolt Fastening Mounting BFM-5/8", 100m Shielded Cable, Connector: 3-pin XLR for Signals and Battery Snap for +9VDC Batteries.					
RIL/()/4F(3L)F-26GR-10H7-RFM-5/X"-100m-DIN4 1				BII7074FGDF Hydrophone, Gain: 26dB, High Pass Filter: 10Hz, Bolt Fastening Mounting BFM-5/8", 100n Shielded Cable, Connector: 4-pin DIN for Signals and DC Power Supply.					
BII7074FGDF-26d	B-10Hz-FH-0.6m-l	JMC4P	BII7074FGDF Hydrophone, Gain: 26dB, High Pass Filter: 10Hz, Free Hanging, 0.6m Shielded Cable, Connector: 4-pin Underwater Mateable Connector for Signals and DC Power Supply.						

Wiring Information of Hydrophones with Fixed-gain Preamps:

Differential Output:	Wire Leads	UMC4P/XLR4P	DIN4P	DIN3/XLR3 + 9V BS	BNC + 9V BS	TRS + 9V BS
+VDC	Red	Pin 3	Pin 4	Battery Female Snap	Battery Female Snap	Battery Female Snap



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Common	Black	Pin 1	Pin 1	Battery Male Snap		Battery Male Snap	Battery Male Snap
Signal+	White	Pin 2	Pin 3	DIN3 Pin 3	TRS Tip	#1 BNC Center	TRS Tip
Signal-	Blue, Green, or Yellow	Pin 4	Pin 2	DIN3 Pin 1	TRS Ring	#2 BNC Center	TRS Ring
Signal Common	N/A	Pin 1	Pin 1	DIN3 Pin 2	TRS Sleeve	BNC Shell	TRS Sleeve
Shielding	Shield	Metal Shell	Metal Shell	DIN3 and XLR3 Metal Shell		N/A	N/A

Question:

What if the mating connector of my DAQ module or recording device is NOT available from BII? A bespoke connector adaptor might be assembled by BII and BII ships the adaptor to buyer as accessory of the device. Please contact BII for customizations. Many adaptors for standard connectors are available in worldwide electronic suppliers such as BNC to SMA, BNC to SMC, XLR to TRS, etc. Check out your local suppliers.

Is impedance matching necessary between hydrophones/sensors and preamplifiers/Recorders/Analyzers? it is NOT necessary to do impedance matching in low frequency range applications in which electromagnetic wave lengths are much greater than the cable length. High frequency transducers such as NDT pulsing transducers need 50Ω impedance matching among transducers, cables, and analyzers/digitizers.

My acoustic sensors generate differential signals in MHz range, are TRS connectors suitable for my applications? Bll's test shows TRS connectors (Plug and Jack) of Bll preamps can be used up to 20 MHz. Test Conditions: TRS Jack with 0.2m cable and TRS plug with 1m cable. Oscilloscope: $1M\Omega | 20pF$, Signal Source: DDS Signal Generator.

Can 3.5mm (1/8") TRS be configured for single-ended signal of a hydrophone/transducer which does not have built-in preamplifier? Yes, the preamp with differential-input TRS can accept single-ended signals from hydrophones/transducers whose TRS wiring should be like followings: TRS Tip: Signal. TRS Ring and Sleeve: Both terminals are soldered together for Signal Common and Shielding. Common and shielding should be "one-point" contact.

Can BII explain why the capacitance of my hydrophone/transducer affect high pass filtering? (1). Hydrophone/transducer is high impedance devices in low frequency range. Its simplified complex impedance = $j/(2\pi fC_h)$, C_h is the capacitance of hydrophone/transducer, f is frequency in Hz. This impedance is in series with preamp R_i and can reach several $M\Omega$ to hundreds $M\Omega$ depending on C_h and f. (2). Most high-performance operational amplifiers (IC chips) can use input resistors R_i up to 1 to 200 $M\Omega$ to avoid bumping into saturation issue.

Can the hydrophone with differential outputs be wired to single-ended inputs of a DAQ device (Data Acquisition Equipment) such as an Oscilloscope? Yes, output+ and Common of a BII hydrophone can be used a single-ended signal, or Output- and Common of the hydrophone can be used a single-ended signal. But, neither output+ nor output – of the hydrophone can be wired to common which is going to destroy the hydrophone by short circuit.

What if the connector of my analyzer (instrument) is SMA or SMC Connector? Buyer may order a SMA (or SMC) to BNC (Male) adaptor from local electronic distributors in buyer's country. BII may ship the adaptor as accessory of the device if buyer requests when ordering. By default, BII does NOT supply the adaptor as accessories.

How to increase hydrophone sensitivity for extremely weak sounds?

BII low noise hydrophone with built-in preamp (Differential Output) -> Long Cable -> Standalone Preamp -> Analyzing Instrument or Recorder.

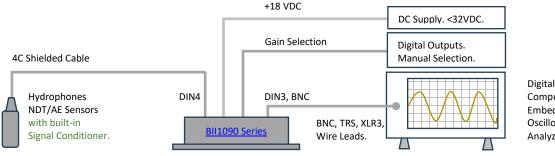
What components are necessary to compensate the propagation and spreading loss?

A low noise hydrophone + \underline{PGA} amplifier with gain of 0/20/40/60 dB.

A low noise hydrophone + \underline{VGA} amplifier with gain of 0 ~ 70 dB.

A low noise hydrophone + AGC amplifier with gain of -20 ~ 80dB.

Acoustic Receiving System of Programmable Sensitivity.



Digital Recorder, Computerized DAQ, Embedded Controller, Oscilloscope, Analyzer/Instrument.

How do I use Gain Selection wires of a standalone PGA in field?

(1). Manual Gain Selection.

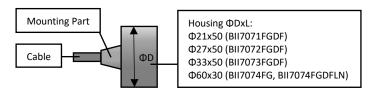
When a **Gain Selection wire** is floating or open, its digital logic is High or "1". When a **Gain Selection wire** is short to **Digital Common**, its digital logic is Low or "0". Sensitivity of a Hydrophone is fixed when its Gain Selection wires are fixed to **Digital Common** or open (floating) during operation.

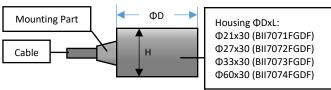
(2). Gain Selection with Digital Outputs. Digital Outputs of a DAQ (data acquisition device) select gains with TTL/CMOS logic levels.

Physical Size (Dimensional Unit: mm): The overall length varies with the length of the built-in preamplifier and mounting parts.

a. General Size information.

b. Size information of Customized Cable Orientation: Side Wall.







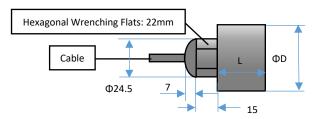
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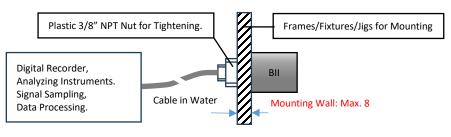
Physical Size (Dimensional Unit: mm): The overall length varies with the length of the built-in preamplifier and mounting parts.

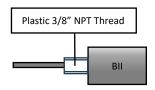
1. Free Hanging.



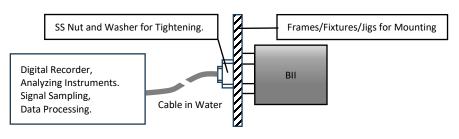


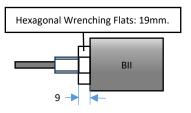
2. Bolt-Fastening Mounting BFM-NPT3/8", 3/8" NPT Thread Length: 15mm. Nut Height: 5mm.



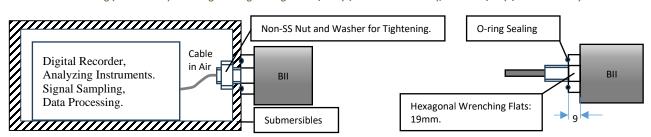


3. Bolt-Fastening Mounting BFM-7/16" (7/16"-20x22 UNF-2A), or BFM-5/8" (5/8"-18x22 UNF).





4. Thru-hole Mounting (Inch Thread) with Single O-ring Sealing THM-7/16" (7/16"-20x22 UNF-2A), or THM-5/8" (5/8"-18x22 UNF).



5. Free-hanging with Underwater Connector FHUWC-4P, 4 Pins (Fixed Sensitivity) (P: Pin, S: Socket.)

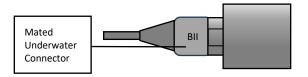
Mating Connector and Cable **UWC-Cable Length-Connector**: Underwater Connector with Socket insert and Internal-Thread Mating Parts, customized-length shielded cable, a Connector (WL, XLR, TRS, DIN, MIL, UMC, etc.) to DAQ devices or Digital Recorders.

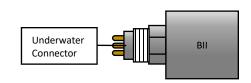
How to order cable with mating underwater connector? for example:

UMC4S-20m-WL: 20 m cable with Underwater Mateable Connector 4 Sockets (UMC4S) on one end and wire leads (WL) on other end.

UMC4S-20m-XLR3/BS: 20 m cable with and Underwater Mateable Connector 4 Sockets (UMC4S) on one end and XLR Receptacle with 3 Male Pins

(XLR3) and Two +9V Battery Snaps on other end.





6. More Mounting/Installation Options: Please refer to online document AcousticSystem.pdf for a complete list of Mounting Options and details.

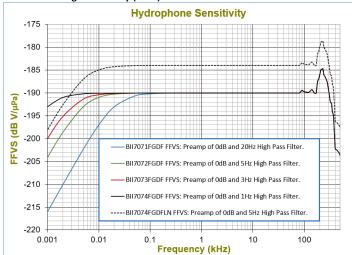


Underwater Sound Solutions

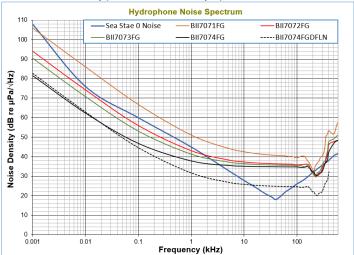
benthowave.com

Revised on 2025/01/27

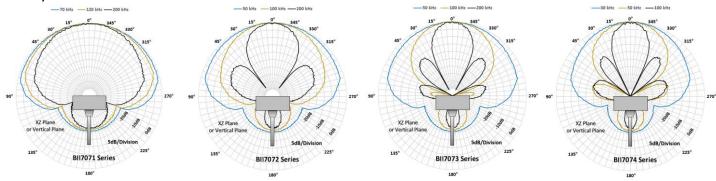
Free-field Voltage Sensitivity (FFVS)



Pressure Noise Density (RTI, referred to the input)



Directivity Pattern



Linear Array with BII7070 Series Elements.

