

Benthowaye Instrument Inc.

Underwater Sound Solutions

www.benthowave.com

Revised on 2024/11/27



BII7180 Series Miniature Probe Hydrophone and AE Sensor: Φ1.0 to Φ3.0mm Aperture

BII7180 Series Miniature Probe Hydrophone and AE Sensor

Underwater Sounds: BII7180 series are miniature hydrophones with small aperture size and usable up to 3 MHz. Conical and omnidirectional directivity patterns are available. Multiple miniature probe hydrophones can be configured as a vector hydrophone (vector sensor) or array for uses in extraction of directional information (source location), measurement of particle velocity, particle acceleration and pressure gradient.

The probe hydrophones are practical and handy tools for research and application of Helmholtz Integral Equation in underwater acoustics and for the measurement of pressure or intensity distribution of near-field and far-field radiated from vibrational and acoustical sound sources underwater.

NDT in Solids: receiving audible and ultrasonic sounds, acoustic emission (AE), structural health monitoring (SHM), metallurgical properties of metals, etc... The couplant such as water or gel is a must-have material to provide efficient acoustic coupling between the receiving face of the hydrophone and the piece under test (the subject). The hydrophones can be glued on or inside subject permanently with adhesives such as epoxy.

NDT in Fluids: uses in waterlike and airlike fluids for the analysis of their macroscopic and microscopic, physical and chemical properties.

BII7180 series should not be used with flammable and/or explosive materials, and not used in Solvents such as hydrochloric acid, isopropyl alcohol, ethyl lactate, acetone, xylene, Iso hexanes, mineral spirits, etc...

Technical Notes:

Particle Velocity in x direction ux = $-1/(j\omega\rho)*(ap/ax)$; p: Density; ap/ax: Pressure Gradient in the x direction.

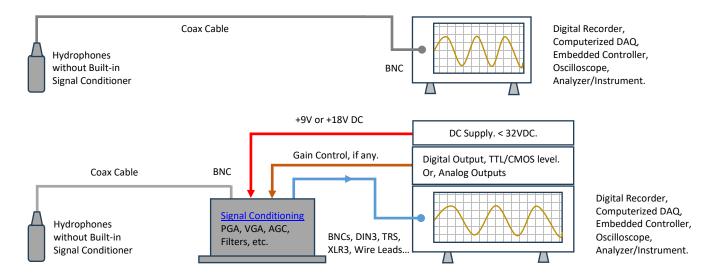
Dipole Vector Hydrophone: Voltage Response V= $M^*(d/\lambda)^*\cos\theta$; M: Amplitude Constant related to element sensitivity; d: spacing distance between two elements; θ : Arriving angle from the axis of the two elements.

$$\text{Helmholtz Integral: } p(\vec{r}) = \frac{1}{4\pi} \iint \left[\frac{e^{-jkR}}{R} j\omega \rho u(\overrightarrow{r_0}) + p(\overrightarrow{r_0}) \frac{\partial}{\partial n_0} (\frac{e^{-jkR}}{R}) \right] dS_0$$

Typical Applications

Study of Acoustic Radiation Field General Purpose Hydrophone, Reference Hydrophone	
Ultrasonic Testing and Analysis Acoustic Emission (AE), Structural Health Monitoring (SHM), Thermoacoustic Tom	
Helmholtz Integral in Acoustics	Near-field Calibration and Measurement
Elements of Vector Hydrophones/Array	High Sound Level Measurement (Warning: Cavitation will damage hydrophone)
Research in Boundary Element Acoustics	Trouble-shooting, Maintenance and Development of Transducers and Array

System Configuration of Receiving Sounds and Waves.



Specification

The hydrophone is tested	in water unless stated otherwise.			
Part Number:	BII7185			
	1m Coax, BNC:	0.5m Coax, BNC:	0.3m Coax, BNC:	
Sensitivity @ 1kHz:	-267.0 dB V/μPa, ± 10 dB,	-262.0 dB V/μPa, ± 10 dB.	-258.0 dB V/μPa, ± 10 dB,	
Sensitivity @ 1kH2.	Sensitivity Loss over Extension Cable (dB) = $20*log[C_h/(C_h+C_c)]$. Valid for hydrophone without preamplifier. C_h : Hydrophone Capacitance; C_c : Capacitance of Extension Cable. Cable is of 100 pF/meter roughly.			
FFVS:	Free-field Voltage Sensitivity, Refer to Graph of FFVS vs. Frequency.			
	8 Hz ~ 2 MHz			
Usable Frequency:	C_h and R_i constitute a high pass filter3dB high pass filter $f_{-3dB} = 1/(2\pi R_i C_h)$.			
in Water.	Ri: Input Resistance or Impedance of Preamp. Ca: Capacitance of hydrophone at 1 kHz. For example:			
	A BII7185 and a BII1041 preamp of $R_i = 22 \text{ M}\Omega$ are used to detect sounds, -3dB high pass frequency of detection = 36.2 Hz.			
Usable Frequency in Air:	36.2 Hz ~ 215 kHz at -6 dB V/μPa.			



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Capacitance C _h @ 1kHz:	200.0 pF ± 10%	110.0 pF ± 10%	68.0 pF ± 10%		
Dissipation @ 1kHz:	0.003				
	79.0 – 10*log f				
Noise Density at f << fs: dB μPa/VHz	1. f in kHz; fs: Resonance Frequency which is 2. Noise densities in this datasheet are calcu	lated values with transducer parameters	s being measured in wa		
3. As hydrophones works with preamps or data acquisition modules, total noise density is determined by all noise so the total noise density is much higher than the ones stated in this datasheet.					
Directivity Pattern:	Conical Beam				
Beam Width:	$\theta_{-3dB} = 88344^{\circ}/f(kHz); \theta_{-6dB} = 121920^{\circ}/f(kHz);$	$\theta_{-10dB} = 159000^{\circ}/f(kHz)$. f: Operating Fre	quency in kHz.		
Side Lobes:	< -17.8 dB with θ_{-3dB} ≤ 49°; No side lobe with				
Signal Output Type:	Single Ended				
Acceleration Sensitivity:	132.0 dB μPa/(m/s²) at acoustic axis. ≤ 129.0 dB μPa/(m/s²) at other directions.				
Underwater Projector:	Yes.				
Resonance fs:	1.62 MHz ± 10%				
TVR at fs:	128 dB μPa/V at 1m.				
IVN dt 15.	Approximately, TVR drops 12dB/octave below fs and drops 6dB/octave above fs.				
Maximum Drive Voltage:	200 Vpp				
Maximum Pulse Length:	100 mS at Maximum Drive Voltage				
Duty Cycle:	10% at Maximum Drive Voltage. 100% at ≤ 3	30 Vpp or 10.6 Vrms.			
Operating Depth:	1 m, Maximum.	0.5 m, Maximum.	0.3 m, Maxim	um.	
Operating Depth:	Limited by the cable length if the cable has wire leads or a non-waterproof connector.				
Mounting Options:	Free Hanging (FH). Please refer to online do	cument <u>AcousticSystem.pdf</u> for a comple	ete list of Mounting Opt	ions and more details.	
Cable Options:	Coax, Φ D=1.4 mm (MiniCoax).				
Cable Length:	1 m.	0.5 m.	0.3 m.		
Connector:	Male BNC (BNC), Max. Diameter Φ14.3 mm.				
Size:	ΦD = Φ3.0 mm, Length = 15 mm.				
Weight:	16 g with 1m Coax/BNC Male. Actual weight depends on Mounting Parts, Cable Types and Length.				
Operation Temperature:	-10°C to +60°C or 14°F to 140°F.				
Storage Temperature:	-20°C to +60°C or -4°F to 140°F.				
	plication: for 50Ω BNC/SMA/SMC connector,		•		
, ,	for operating safety before hooking up transdi	ucer/hydrophone to the signal source. C	oax with BNC/SMA/SM	C is not intended for hand-	
held use at voltages above					
Do NOT use the hydrophor	ne as a sound projector in the air otherwise th	e hydrophone will be damaged.			

How to Order Standard Hydronhones BII Keeps Standard Products in Stock

now to Order Standard Hydrophones. Bit keeps Standard Products in Stock.				
Hydrophone Part Number	-Mounting Part	-Cable Length	-Cable Type	-Connector Type
BII7185	FH: Free Hanging.	0.3 m, 0.5 m, 1 m.	Mini Coax	BNC
Example:	Description			
BII7185-FH-1m-MiniCoax-BNC BII7185 Hydrophone, Free Hanging, 1m Mini Coax, BNC Male.				
BII7185-FH-0.5m-MiniCoax-BNC BII7185 Hydrophone, Free Hanging, 0.5m Mini Coax, BNC Male.				
BII7185-FH-0.3m-MiniCoax-BNC	niCoax-BNC BII7185 Hydrophone, Free Hanging, 0.3m Mini Coax, BNC Male.			

Sound Measurement in Air: The hydrophones can be used to detect sounds in air. The sensitivity in air is same to the one in water in low frequency range.

Wirings

Single Ended Output:	BNC
Signal	Center Contact
Signal Common and Shielding	Metal Shell

Typical Components of an Acoustic Receiving System. Depending on the system requirements, the signal conditioner is optional.

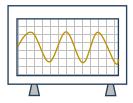




need 50Ω impedance matching among transducers, cables, and analyzers/digitizers.







Digital Recorder, Computerized DAQ, Embedded Controller, Oscilloscope, Analyzer/Instrument.

Question:

What if the mating connector of my DAQ module or recording device is NOT available from BII? A bespoke connector adaptor might be assembled by BII and BII ships the adaptor to buyer as accessory of the device. Please contact BII for customizations. Many adaptors for standard connectors are available in worldwide electronic suppliers such as BNC to SMA, BNC to SMC, XLR to TRS, etc. Check out your local suppliers.

What if the connector of my analyzer (instrument) is SMA or SMC Connector? Buyer may order a SMA (or SMC) to BNC (Male) adaptor from local electronic distributors in buyer's country. BII may ship the adaptor as accessory of the device if buyer requests when ordering. By default, BII does NOT supply the adaptor as accessories. Is impedance matching necessary between hydrophones/sensors and preamplifiers/Recorders/Analyzers? it is NOT necessary to do impedance matching in low frequency range applications in which electromagnetic wave lengths are much greater than the cable length. High frequency transducers such as NDT pulsing transducers



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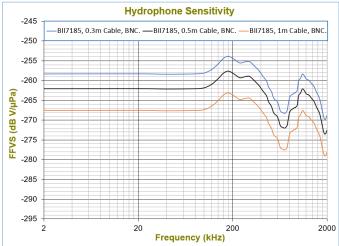
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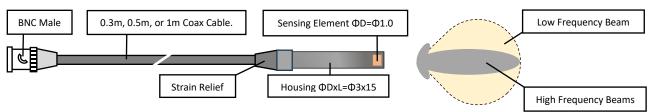
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Can BII explain why the capacitance of my hydrophone/transducer affect high pass filtering? (1). Hydrophone/transducer is high impedance devices in low frequency range. Its simplified complex impedance = $j/(2\pi fC_h)$, C_h is the capacitance of hydrophone/transducer, f is frequency in Hz. This impedance is in series with preamp R_i and can reach several $M\Omega$ to hundreds $M\Omega$ depending on C_h and f. (2). Most high-performance operational amplifiers (IC chips) can use input resistors R_i up to 1 to 200 $M\Omega$ to avoid bumping into saturation issue.

Free-field Voltage Sensitivity (FFVS) in Water:



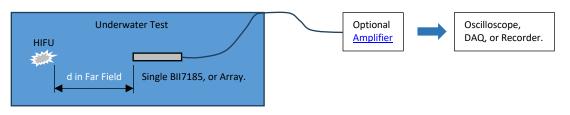
Physical Size (Dimension Unit: mm)



Application Notes.

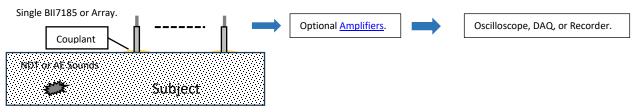
1. Underwater Hydrophones: Measure HIFU (High Intensity Focused Ultrasound) or High Intensity NDT Diagnostic Sounds.

Distance d of Acoustic Far Field of a Transducer: Planar Transducer: d ≥ Radiation Area/λ. Line (linear) or Thin Cylinder: d ≥ (Length*Length)/λ and d ≥ Length.





2. Acoustic Contact Sensor: NDT and AE Applications, and Structural Health Monitoring (SHM).



3. Test BII7185 as Acoustic Contact Sensor at BII Laboratory: BII7185 contacts with radiation face of a transducer (projector), water as couplant.



BII Projector	f	Signal Type	Driving Voltage	Receiver	Extra Preamps	Output Voltage
BII7562/200	200 kHz	SINE and Sine Pulse	5Vpp	BII7185	40dB BII1042 + 40dB BII1051	0.6 Vpp
BII7562/200	630 kHz	SINE and Sine Pulse	5Vpp	BII7185	40dB BII1042 + 40dB BII1051	0.7 Vpp
BII7560Q/1000	1 MHz	SINE and Sine Pulse	5Vpp	BII7185	40dB BII1041 + 40dB BII1042	2.6 Vpp
BII7184EF	2.5 MHz	SINE and Sine Pulse	5Vpp	BII7185	40dB BII1041 + 40dB BII1042	1.0 Vpp