

Underwater Sound Solutions

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6.5kHz: 260W



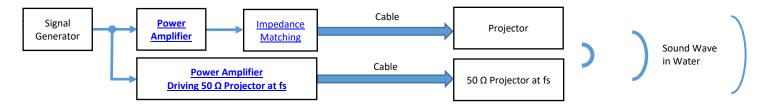
#### Free Flooded Ring Transducer: Broadband, Deep Ocean & Low Frequency

BII7590 series are low frequency broadband transducers (Low Q, Free Flooded Ring Transducers) with toroidal beam and ranging from 1 to 50 kHz for deep and shallow water communication, and as low frequency sound sources in water. BII7590 series is NOT recommended to detect underwater sounds.

**Suggested Applications** 

Deep Ocean Submergence	Broadband Communication	Artificial Acoustic Target	Bioacoustic Stimuli
Broadband Sound Source	Underwater Telephone	Echo-Repeater Target	Marine Animal Behavior Study
Long Range Transmission	Voice Communication Underwater	Active-Acoustic Target	Playback Marine Animal Voices/Calls

### SYSTEM CONFIGURATION Transmitting Sounds.



#### RELATED PRODUCTS

Power Amplifier for SONAR, NDT, and HIFU	Impedance Matching between Transducers and Amplifiers
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Specification Part Number: BII7591 BII7592 BII7593 BII7594 BI17596 BII7596IM BI17598 Signal Type: Pulsed SINE, Chirp, PSK, FSK, etc.; Pulsed Square Waveform; CW. Omnidirectional to Toroidal. Directivity Pattern: 13 kHz 9.7 kHz 6.5 kHz 4.8 kHz 3.2 kHz 3.2 kHz 2.3 kHz Omnidirectional at f ≤ f<sub>omni</sub>. -3dB Beam Width: Horizontal x Vertical, refer to Directivity Response. Side Lobe Level: None 20 nF ±10% 69 nF ±10% Free Capacitance Cf at 1kHz: 15 nF ±10% 40 nF ±10% 115 nF ±10% N/A N/A Dissipation D: 0.005 at 1kHz Resonant Frequency fs: 17 and 25 kHz 13 and 20 kHz 8 and 12 kHz 4 and 8 kHz 3.5 and 6.5 kHz 6.5 kHz 3 kHz 1.5 to 3 2.0 2.0 Quality Factor Qm at fs: -3dB bandwidth  $\Delta f$  = fs/Qm. Qm determines the transient response or the rise and fall rings of steady-state response. ≥ 0.85 in Water, Electroacoustic Efficiency, Load Medium Dependent.  $\eta_{ea\ at\ fs}$  at  $f_s$ : at f << fs,  $\eta_{ea}$  /  $\eta_{ea}$  at fs  $\approx$  (k\* $\Phi$ D)<sup>2</sup>. Wave Number k =  $2\pi/\lambda$ ;  $\Phi$ D = Transducer Diameter. 1. Electroacoustic Efficiency  $\eta_{ea}$  is quite low at f << f<sub>s</sub> and drops gradually at f > f<sub>s</sub>, so it is NOT recommended for transducers to  $\eta_{ea}$  at  $f << f_s$ emit high power sounds at frequencies far from fs. 2. Transducer can emit low power sounds at frequencies far from  $f_s$  such as input power  $P_i \le \eta_{ea}$  \* MIPP at  $f \le 0.8*f_s$  and  $P_i \le 0.2$ \* MIPP at f ≥ 1.3\*fs. Power Factor at fs: ≥ 0.7 ≥ 0.94 ≥ 0.94 147.7 dB 147.0 dB TVR at fs in Water: Refer to TVR Graph in Water, Transmitting Voltage Response.  $\mu$ Pa/V at 1m. Radiation Sound Level SL: SL =  $20*logV_i + TVR$ , dB  $\mu$ Pa@1m. Driving Voltage  $V_i$  is in unit of  $V_{rms}$ . Admittance or Impedance: Refer to Admittance Graph in Water.  $50\Omega$  at  $f_s$  $50\Omega$  at  $f_{\mbox{\tiny S}}$ ≤ 300 Vrms ≤ 400 Vrms ≤ 400 Vrms ≤ 400 Vrms ≤ 220 Vrms ≤ 200 Vrms Pulsed Driving Signal and Duty Cycle D < 100%: Maximum V<sub>i</sub>, V<sub>imax</sub> = V(MIPP/G<sub>max</sub>), in V<sub>rms</sub>. Driving Voltage V<sub>i</sub> at f<sub>s</sub>: Continuous Operation at 100% Duty Cycle: Maximum  $V_i$ ,  $V_{imax} = v(MCIP/G_{max})$ , in  $V_{rms}$ . Combine maximum voltage above listed, the lowest maximum-drive-voltage is the driving voltage ratings of the transducer. Input Power Pi:  $P_i = V_i^2 * G$ . Refer to **G-B Graph:** G is conductance. MIPP: Maximum Input Pulse Power, MPW: Maximum Pulse Width, MCIP: Maximum Continuous Input Power 13kHz: 150W 8kHz: 230W 4kHz: 400W 3.5kHz: 200W 17kHz: 80W MIPP at fs in Water: 600W 500W 25kHz: 120W 20kHz: 250W 8kHz: 900W 6.5kHz: 320W 12kHz: 390W 17kHz: 40S 13kHz: 60S 8kHz: 200S 4kHz: 20S 3.5kHz: 200S MPW at MIPP & fs in Water: **20S 20S** 25kHz: 26S 20kHz: 45S 12kHz: 70S 8kHz: 20S 6.5kHz: 220S 17kHz: 58W 13kHz: 110W 8kHz: 230W 4kHz: 100W 3.5kHz: 160W 260W 250W MCIP at fs in Water:

### How to determine pulse width, duty cycle and off-time with input pulse power (peak power) at f<sub>s</sub>:

- 1. Determine the input pulse power (IPP, peak power) with sound intensity required by the project. IPP MUST be less than MIPP.
- 2. Pulse Width ≤ (MIPP \* MPW\*(120°c-T)/103°c)/IPP. T: Water Temperature in °c.



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	NOT recommended to detect underwater sounds.						
FFVS at f <sub>s</sub> :	Sensitivity Loss over extension cable at $f_s(dB) = 20 * \log \{(1 + 2\pi f_s C_c/B)/\sqrt{[G^2 + (B + 2\pi f_s C_c)^2]/(G^2 + B^2)}\}$ G: Conductance at $f_s$ ; B: Susceptance at $f_s$ ; C <sub>c</sub> : Capacitance of Extension Cable. Cable is of 100 pF/meter roughly. Please refer to online document AcousticSystem.pdf for conversion between G-B and Z- $\theta$ , if necessary.						
Receiving Sound Level SL:	SL = $20*logV_0$ - FFVS, dB $\mu$ Pa. Receiving Voltage $V_0$ is in unit of $V_{rms}$ .						
Operating Depth:	900 m	900 m 800 m 700 m 500 m 300 m 300 m 200 m					
(Maximum)	Limited by the cable	Limited by the cable length if the cable has wire leads or a non-waterproof connector.					
Mounting Options:	1. Default: Free Hanging (FH) 2. Thru-hole Mounting with Single O-ring (THM-5/8") 3. Bolt Fastening Mounting (Stainless Steel) (BFM-5/8") 4. Bolt-Fastening Mounting with Free Hanging (BFM-FH-M8, BFM-FH-M10). 5. Free-hanging with Male Underwater Connector (FHUWC-3P). 6. Flange Mounting (FGM-Ф220, etc.)  Please refer to online document AcousticSystem.pdf for a complete list of Mounting Options and more details.						
Cable:	1. Two Conductor Sł 2. 50 Ω RG58 Coax ( 3. Two Conductor U	<ol> <li>Two Conductor Shielded Cable (SC), Rubber or PVC Jacket.</li> <li>50 Ω RG58 Coax (RG58).</li> <li>Two Conductor Unshielded Cable (USC) for Underwater Connector.</li> <li>Handling: Do not use the cable to support transducer weight in air and water if the transducer has a mounting part. Do not benefit</li> </ol>					
Cable Length:		Default: 15 m with non-underwater connector.     O.6m with Underwater Mateable Connector (2 pins) (UMC2P).					
Connector:	<ol> <li>Default: Wire Leads (WL).</li> <li>Underwater Mateable Connector (2 pins) (UMC2P) (Max. Diameter Φ21.5 to Φ35 mm). Locking Sleeve: DLSA-M.         Underwater Mateable Connector (3 pins) (UMC3P) (Max. Diameter Φ21.5 to Φ35 mm). Locking Sleeve: DLSA-M.         UMC is from global manufacturers of underwater connectors. Its part number is listed in quote in detail.</li> <li>MIL-5015 Style (3 pin) (MIL3P) (Max. Diameter Φ19 to Φ30 mm).</li> <li>Male BNC (BNC) (Max. Diameter Φ14.3 mm), for Transmit or Receive Grounded Signal.</li> <li>Note: Underwater Mateable Connector is for uses underwater. Other connectors and wire leads are for dry uses and are no waterproofed.</li> </ol>						
	Ф48х21	Ф60х26	Ф89х48	Ф114х90	Ф168х115	Ф168х170	Ф220х220
Thursiani Cina (MDvIII morna).	Actual length depen	nds on Mounting Par	rts.				
Physical Size (ΦDxH, mm):	7	≥ 0.280 kg	≥ 0.6 kg	≥ 1.2 kg	≥ 2.2 kg	≥ 2.6 kg	≥ 6.0 kg
	≥ 0.105 kg	2 0.200 kg	_ 0.06				
	≥ 0.105 kg  Actual weight deper						*
Weight in Air:		nds on Mounting Pa					
Neight in Air:  Deration Temperature:	Actual weight deper	nds on Mounting Pa 14 °F to 140 °F.					
Weight in Air:  Operation Temperature: Storage Temperature:	Actual weight deper -10 °C to +60 °C or 1 -20 °C to +60 °C or -4	nds on Mounting Pa 14 °F to 140 °F. 4 °F to 140 °F.	orts, Cable Types	and Length.	ndalone devices.		
Physical Size (ФDxH, mm):  Weight in Air:  Operation Temperature:  Storage Temperature:  Power Amplifier:  Impedance Matching at f <sub>s</sub> :	Actual weight deper	nds on Mounting Pa 14 °F to 140 °F. 4 °F to 140 °F. olifiers for SONAR, N npedance Matching the part number for xxx transducer with	DT, HIFU. Order between transor r integrating BIIG built-in Impedar	and Length.  Separately as star ducers and powe 5000 into the training and the star of the training and the star of the training and the star of the s	r amplifiers. Orde nsducer and speci		
Weight in Air: Operation Temperature: Storage Temperature: Power Amplifier:	Actual weight deper -10 °C to +60 °C or 1 -20 °C to +60 °C or -4 <u>BII5000</u> Power Amp <u>BII6000</u> Bespoke Im append -IMxxΩ to t <u>BIIxxxx-IM50Ω</u> : BIIxx	nds on Mounting Pa 14 °F to 140 °F. 4 °F to 140 °F. blifiers for SONAR, N npedance Matching the part number for xxx transducer with Complex Impedance	DT, HIFU. Order between transor integrating BIIG built-in Impedar e ≤ 20° at fs.	Separately as star ducers and powe 5000 into the trance Matching unit	r amplifiers. Orde nsducer and speci as $50\Omega$ load at fs.		

Wiring Information

Wiring of Shielded Cable:	Wire Leads WL	UMC3P, Locking Sleeve: DLSA-M.	MIL3P	BNC
Signal	White or Red	Contact 2	Contact C	Center Contact
Signal Common	Black	Contact 1	Contact B	Shield
Shielding and Grounding	Shield	Contact 3	Contact A	Shield
Wiring of Unshielded Cable:	Wire Leads WL	UMC2P (0.6m USC Cable originally co Locking Sleeve: DLSA-M.	ming from manufacturer	of the connector, Fixed.)
Signal	White	Contact 2		
Signal Common	Black	Contact 1		
N/A	N/A	N/A		

How to Order Transducers. The default ontions are for stock items which are regularly available.

Part Number	-Mounting	-Cable Length	-Cable Type	-Connector Type
BII759x	Default: BFM-FH.	Default: 15m, or 0.6m for UMC2P Connector.	SC for MIL3P, WL, . USC for UMC2P Connector. Coax for BNC.	Default: <b>WL</b> .
Example:	Description			
BII7593-BFM-FH-M10-30m-RG58-BNC	BII7593 Transducer, Bolt Fastening Mounting with Free Hanging: BFM-FH-M10, 30m RG58 Coax Cable, BNC Male.			
BII7596-FH-30m-SC-WL	BII7596 Transducer, Free Hanging, 30m Shielded Cable, Wire Leads.			

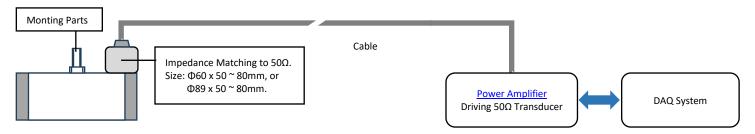


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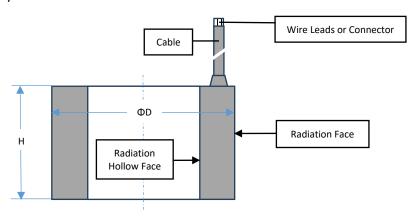
BII7596-BFM-FH-M10-0.6m-USC-UMC2P	BII7596 Transducer, Bolt Fastening Mounting with Free Hanging: BFM-FH-M10, 0.6m Unshielded Cable, 2 pins Male Underwater Mateable Connector with Locking Sleeve: DLSA-M.	
BII7596-BFM-FH-M10-30m-SC-WL	BII7596 Transducer, Bolt Fastening Mounting with Free Hanging: BFM-FH-M10, 30m Shielded Cable, Wire Leads.	

#### BII759x-IM50Ω Setup

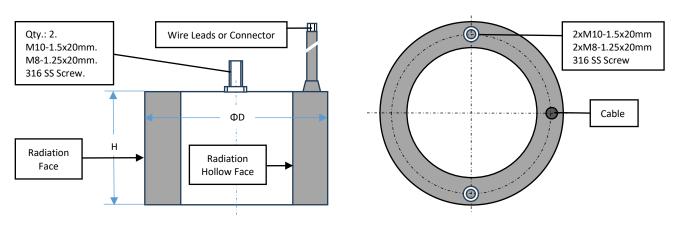


#### **Outline Drawings**

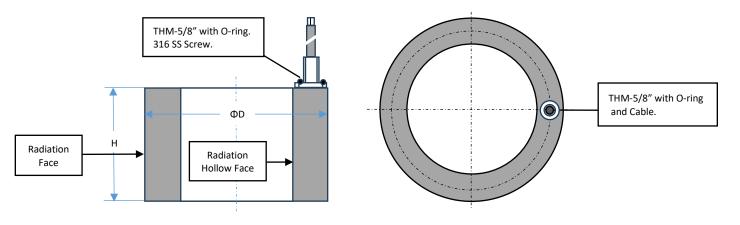
1. Free Hanging (FH).



2. Bolt-Fastening Mounting with Free Hanging (BFM-FH-M8 for BII7591, BII7592, or BFM-FH-M10 for BII7593, BII7594, BII7594, BII7596.)



3. Thru-hole Mounting with O-ring Sealing (THM-5/8")

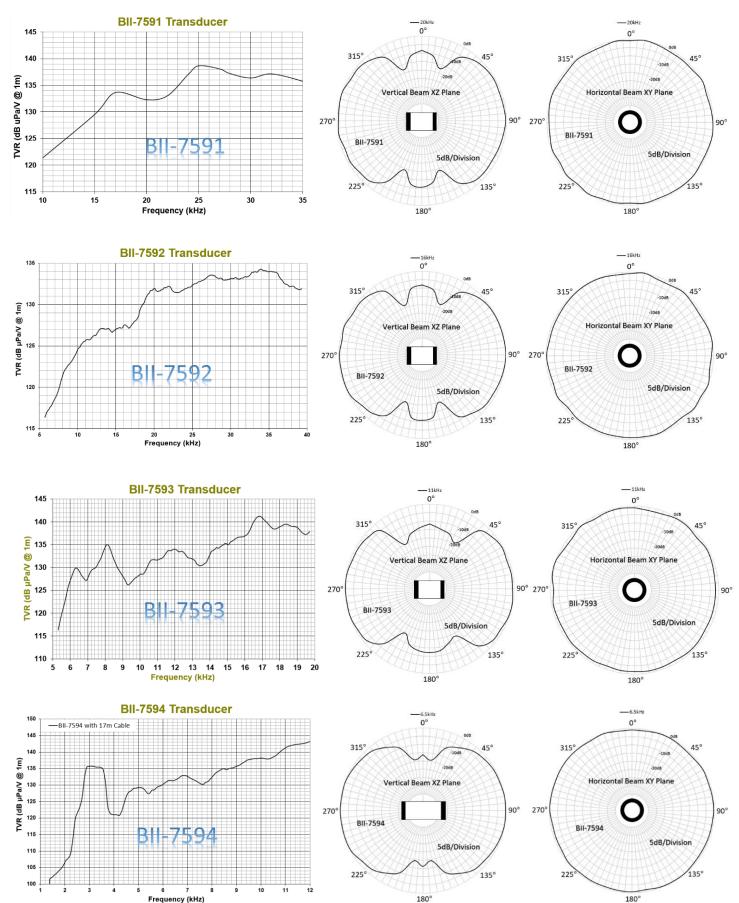


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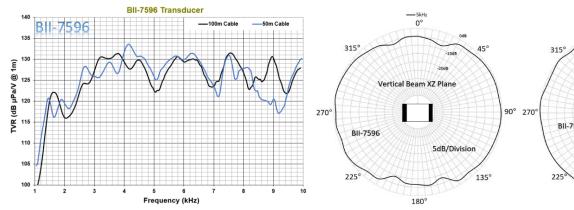
#### TVR Transmitting Voltage Response in Water

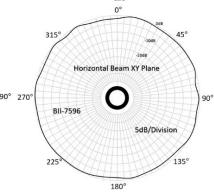
#### **Directional Response Pattern in Water**



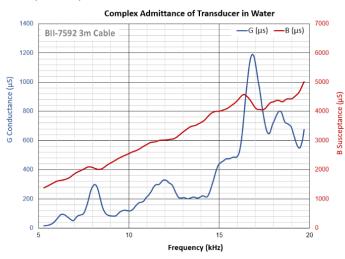
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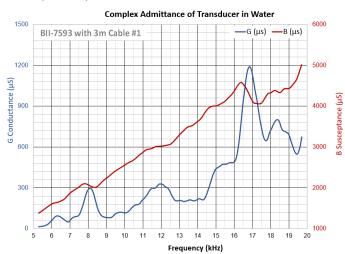




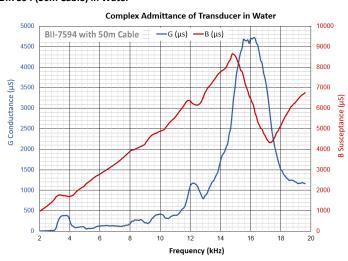
#### BII7592 (3m Cable) in Water



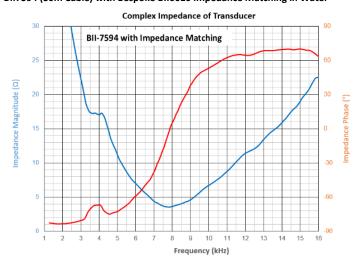
#### BII7593 (3m Cable) in Water



#### BII7594 (50m Cable) in Water



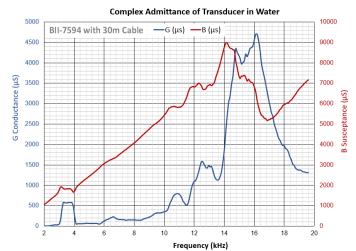
#### BII7594 (50m Cable) with Bespoke BII6010 Impedance Matching in Water



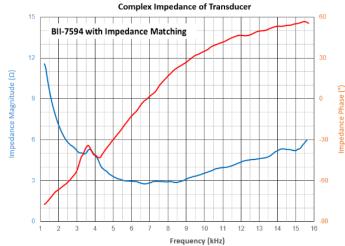
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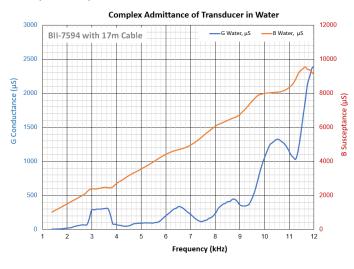
#### BII7594 (30m Cable) in Water



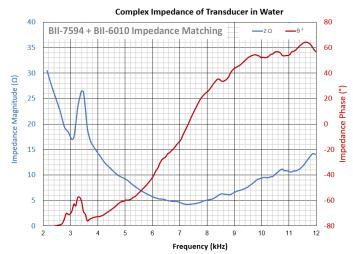
#### BII7594 (30m Cable) with Bespoke BII6010 Impedance Matching in Water



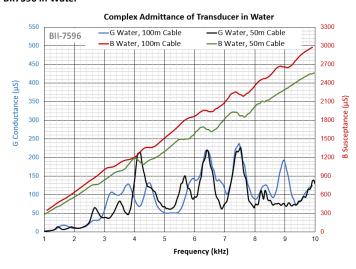
#### BII7594 (17m Cable) in Water



#### BII7594 (17m Cable) with Bespoke BII6010 Impedance Matching in Water



#### BII7596 in Water



#### BII7596 with Bespoke BII6010 Impedance Matching in Water

